Gender pay gap

Gender Pay Gap legislation, introduced in April 2017, requires all employers of 250 or more employees to publish their gender pay gap as at 5 April 2019.

The report for Motor Parts Direct is as follows:

- The mean gender pay gap is 8.95%
- The median gender pay gap is 0%
- The mean gender bonus gap is 42.51%
- The median gender bonus gap is 12.58%
- The proportion of male employees receiving a bonus is 55.79%
- The proportion of female employees receiving a bonus is 53.79%
 MPD is below the UK's national mean gender pay gap of 18.1%

What are the underlying causes of Mpd's gender pay gap?

Under existing law, men and women must receive equal pay for:

- · the same or broadly similar work;
- work rated as equivalent under a job evaluation scheme;
- or work of equal value.

The Board is committed to the principle of equal opportunities and equal treatment for all employees, regardless of gender, race, religion or belief, age, marriage or civil partnership, pregnancy/maternity, sexual orientation, gender reassignment or disability. Ultra has a clear policy of paying employees equally for the same or equivalent work, regardless of their gender (or any other characteristic set out above).

As such, MPD:

- · carries out pay and benefits reviews at regular intervals;
- · provides training for managers and other staff members who are involved in pay reviews; and
- evaluates job roles and pay grades as necessary to ensure a fair structure.

We are therefore confident that the gender pay gap does not stem from paying men and women differently for the same or equivalent work. Rather the gender pay gap is the result of the roles in which men and women undertake within the organisation and the salaries that these roles attract.

Signed

Mukesh Shah...Chairman

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